

Articles of Treaty

concluded at the mouth of the Great Miami on the North-western bank of the Ohio the Thirty first day of January one thousand seven hundred and eighty six Between the Commissioners plenipotentiary of the United States of America of the one part, and the Chiefs and Warriors of the Shawanoe nation of the other part.

Article I. Three Hostages shall be immediately delivered to the Commissioners to remain in the possession of the United States until all the Prisoners white and black taken in the late war from among the Citizens of the United States by the Shawanoe nation, or by any other Indian or Indians residing in their Towns shall be restored.

Article II. The Shawanoe nation do acknowledge the United States to be the sole and absolute Sovereigns of all the territory ceded to them by a Treaty of peace made between them and the King of Great Britain the fourteenth day of January one thousand seven hundred and eighty four.

Article III. If any Indian or Indians of the Shawanoe nation, or any other Indian, or Indians residing in their Towns, shall commit murder or robbery on, or do any injury to the Citizens of the United States or any of them, that Nation shall deliver such Offender, or Offenders to the Officer commanding the nearest Post of the United States to be punished according to the ordinances of Congress; and in like manner any Citizen of the United States who shall do an injury to any Indian of the Shawanoe nation, or to any other Indian or Indians residing in their Towns and under their protection shall be punished according to the laws of the United States.

Article IIIth. The Shawanoe nation having knowledge of the intention of any nation or body of Indians to make war on the Citizens of the United States, or of their counselling together for that purpose, and neglecting to give information thereof to the Commanding Officer of the nearest Post of the United States, shall be considered as parties in such war, and be punished accordingly; and the United States shall in like manner inform the Shawanoes of any injury designed against them.

Article IVth. The United States do grant peace to the Shawanoe nation, and do receive them into their Friendship and protection.

Article Vth. The United States do allot to the Shawanoe nation lands within their territory to live and hunt upon, beginning at the South line of the lands allotted to the Wiamas and Delaware nations, at the place where the main branch of the Great Miami which falls into the Ohio intersects said line - then down the river Miami to the fork of that river next below the old Fort which was taken by the French in 1752, thence due west to the river de la Poudre then down that river to the river Wataga - beyond which line none of the Citizens of the United States shall settle, nor disturb the Shawanoes in their settlement and possessions; and the Shawanoes do relinquish to the United States, all title, or pretence of title they ever had to the Lands east, west, and south, of the east and south lines before described.

Article VIIth. If any Citizen or Citizens of the United States shall presume to settle upon the lands allotted to the Shawanoes by this Treaty he, or they shall be put out of the protection of the United States.

In Testimony whereof the parties herunto have affixed their hands and seals the day and year last above mentioned

Attest Alexander Campbell Secy Comm'rs	Sweeney	his mark		
Winney Maj. B.B.	John Hogg	his		
Wm. Doyle Capt. B.B.	Sam. Westermore	mark		
Nathan. W. Towne Esq.	Daniel Elliot	his		W. Lusk
John S. Offinger	James Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		
Henry Gony	John Smith	his		
Henry Gony	John Smith	mark		

1786
No. 15
Treaty with the Shawnee nation
of Indians concluded 31st January
1786 and approved by the President
with the advice and consent of the
Senate

Read